

GOES HOME TO VOTE

President Will Cast Ballot at Oyster Bay To-day.

DUE TO RETURN TO-NIGHT

Chief Executive Accompanied by Secretary Loeb—Cortelyou and Bonaparte Also Leave Washington. Many Government Officials Away from Their Desks This Week.

President Roosevelt left at 12:30 last night for Oyster Bay to cast his vote for Charles E. Hughes, the Republican candidate for governor of New York, after putting in most of his time during yesterday in further preparation of his message to Congress.

He was accompanied to New York by Secretary Loeb, who also votes at Oyster Bay; Stenographer Webster, of the White House executive staff, who will cast his ballot in Brooklyn, and the usual number of White House messengers and Secret Service operatives.

The President departed in the private car Signet. He will arrive at Jersey City at 7 a. m. and will go direct to Oyster Bay by boat, arriving there at 9 o'clock. He will remain there only two hours, and is due back at the White House at 6 o'clock this evening.

Special wire service has been provided at the Executive offices, and the President will get the bulletins from the telegraph companies and the various news bureaus besides the private telegrams that will be sent to him by the Republican leaders.

Will Get Returns Here.

While the President's interest is centered on the New York fight, of course, he has expressed a desire to get the earliest possible returns on the Congressional elections, in order that he may learn what the political complexion of the next House of Representatives will be.

Several members of the Cabinet and a few personal friends will receive the returns with the President.

Few Callers Yesterday.

But few callers were admitted at the Executive offices of the White House yesterday. Secretary Bonaparte called in the morning and got the President's sanction to the plan of allowing the employees in the various yards sufficient time off to permit them to vote. Senator Penrose also occupied a few minutes of the President's time, but he declined to intimate what was the nature of his business.

He did, however, make the significant statement that "the President's intention is that we are going to win in Pennsylvania."

Others Who Will Vote.

Postmaster General Cortelyou and Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte were the last of the Cabinet members to leave the city to go to their homes for the election. Mr. Cortelyou departed at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Hempstead, L. I., which is his official residence. He spent last night in New York City.

Secretary Bonaparte, who has taken an active part in the campaign in Maryland, went to Baltimore, where he casts his ballot today. Assistant Secretary Murray, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, also left for New York last night, as did Alfred W. Cooley, a member of the Civil Service Commission. Mr. Murray votes in Stephen County, and Mr. Cooley in Westchester County.

Departments Deserted.

Hundreds of other men who make the government machinery go round were absent from their offices and business in the departments was practically at a standstill, while those remaining talked over the situation in New York, and tried vainly to figure out what the result would be. The interest generally in Washington in the Empire State fight is about as intense as it is in New York itself, and the returns will be awaited in the city to-night with an eagerness almost unparalleled.

Herald to Give News.

The Washington Herald has made preparations to satisfy this interest.

At the earliest possible moment bulletins from New York, as well as all other parts of the country, will come pouring into the office over special leased wires, and these returns will be announced by megaphone and stenographic slides in front of the Herald offices on Fifteenth street.

The facilities at the disposal of The Herald are so complete that it will be able to give the latest results at the earliest possible moment.

All who are interested in the elections are cordially invited to avail themselves of The Herald's bulletin service.

The first bulletins are expected from New York at about 5 o'clock, and from that time on the reports will come in rapidly. It is believed the figures available by 9 o'clock or thereabouts, will indicate whether Hearst or Hughes is the winner.

Others to Get Returns.

Arrangements have been made to receive the returns at the Democratic headquarters and also at the offices of the American Federation of Labor.

The Legion of Loyal Women have installed a private wire in their headquarters at the Masonic Temple, to get the returns, and will have as their guests the Old Boys, the Old Boys, Jr., the League of Republican State Clubs of the District of Columbia, and the Roosevelt and Fairbanks Leagues.

Sang for President.

Last night, before the President's departure, he and Mrs. Roosevelt were entertained at the White House by Miss Mary McEvilly, who sang privately for them. She was formerly a resident of Montana, but now lives in Paris, and is a student of Jean de Reszke.

POLITICIANS COME TO BLOWS.

Chicago Men Indulge in Fisticuffs on a Train.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Politics led to a physical encounter on a Burlington train today between W. A. Lantz, Democratic legislative candidate in the Seventeenth district, and City Clerk F. K. Daly, of La Grange, who, Lantz says, took the lead in a mass meeting which declared the latter unfit for office.

"These 'phony' reformers make me tired," said Lantz to a friend.

"Do you mean Mr. Daly?" asked Daly, over-hearing the remark.

"If you want to take it to yourself, I do," said Lantz.

Daly led with a right to the jaw. A left hook by Lantz nearly took Daly off his feet. A clinch followed. Prize ring rules were not observed. Friends finally separated the combatants. There will be no arrests.

TO-DAY'S ELECTIONS.

ALABAMA—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
ARKANSAS—Members of Congress.
CALIFORNIA—State ticket and Congress.
COLORADO—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
CONNECTICUT—State ticket and Congress.
DELAWARE—Legislature and Congress.
FLORIDA—Members of Congress.
GEORGIA—State ticket and Congress.
IDAHO—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
ILLINOIS—Legislature and Congress.
INDIANA—Minor State officers and Congress.
IOWA—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
KANSAS—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
KENTUCKY—Congress and a primary vote for United States senator.
LOUISIANA—Members of Congress.
MASSACHUSETTS—State ticket and Congress.
MARYLAND—Congress and one judge in Baltimore City.
MONTANA—Legislature and Congress.
MICHIGAN—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
MISSISSIPPI—Minor State officers and Congress.
MISSOURI—Minor State officers, Chief Justice of Supreme Court, and Congress.

MINNESOTA—State ticket and Congress.
NEVADA—One Member of Congress.
NEW HAMPSHIRE—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
NEW JERSEY—Legislature and Congress.
NEW YORK—State ticket, legislature, justices in New York City, and Congress.
NORTH CAROLINA—Legislature and Congress.
NEBRASKA—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
NORTH DAKOTA—State ticket and Congress.
OHIO—Minor State officers, legislature, and Congress.
PENNSYLVANIA—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
RHODE ISLAND—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
SOUTH CAROLINA—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
SOUTH DAKOTA—Governor, legislature, and Congress.
TENNESSEE—State ticket and Congress.
TEXAS—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
UTAH—One Member of Congress.
VIRGINIA—Members of Congress.
WASHINGTON—Members of Congress.
WEST VIRGINIA—Legislature and Congress.
WISCONSIN—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.
WYOMING—State ticket, legislature, and Congress.

SUN TO AD HUGHES

Vote Will Be Quickly Known by Use of Machines.

EARLY RETURNS BEFORE SIX

Erle and Monroe Counties Expected to Report Result First—Figures for Comparison Given—Money Given Leaders to Use in Manning Polls To-day Less Than Last Year.

New York, Nov. 5.—The polls will be open at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning and will close at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Any voter in line when the clock strikes 5 is entitled to an opportunity to offer his vote. The weather bureau predicts that the day will be fair and the temperature moderate. It is just this kind of a day which traditionally helps to bring out a large Republican vote.

Voting machines have been installed now in 170 cities and towns up-State, and the returns from the State at large are earlier every year.

The vote in Erle and Monroe counties should be in by 6 p. m., possibly by 5:30 p. m. The following figures, showing how the two counties went in the last four elections for governor, will help to give an early pointer on general results, and make a dinner-time hash of many forecasts.

Republicans Always Won.

In all four years the Republican candidate was elected.

1892-236 Van Wyck, D. 255 Monroe, R.

1896-254 Odell, R. 459 Odell, R.

1900-234 Odell, R. 503 Odell, R.

1904-476 Hughes, R. 540 Hughes, R.

In this city it remains to be seen whether the decrease in the number of election districts will hasten or delay the returns, accompanied as it is by an increase in the average number of voters to be counted in each district. The length of the ticket for justices of the Supreme Court in this case—a general ticket with thirty-nine names on it—promises to make the returns of that vote late.

Leaders Working Hard.

At all the county headquarters matters were very quiet to-day. Leaders of the organizations were out in the districts working. In the middle part of the day Tammany Hall was somewhat lively.

"It was 'dough day' and all the leaders, with one exception so far as could be learned, came around to obtain the funds to get out the votes in their districts. The exception was Fire Commissioner Lantry, of the Sixteenth, who failed to show up to get his dough."

It is understood that the amount distributed was about \$40,000, or about half what was given out last year. This is \$40 to an election district, but the money was not evenly divided, the greater part of it going to districts which are looked upon as doubtful. The districts which are regarded as sure got but a very small amount, some only a few dollars for each election district.

The odds are still four to one to-day to the Republican leaders, but the amounts they received were comparatively small.

EXPLAINS IHMSEN'S CHARGES.

P. O. Department Had Nothing to Do with Anti-Hearst Letters.

"It is all nonsense. Nothing was known of this matter until the incident was closed, and, therefore, there could have been no 'specific orders from Washington.' As a matter of fact, the matter rested in the hands of Postmaster Wilcox, of New York City, who explains, through the newspapers, that the circulars were allowed to go through the mails because they were inclosed in stamped envelopes, and there was no violation of the postal laws."

The envelopes were not sealed, and the circulars bearing the signature, "Hearst Responsible for McKinley's Murder," were examined by the New York officials, who found nothing objectionable in them; so they were not held up."

In these words Postmaster General Corbin yesterday explained the charges made by Max Ihmsen, the political manager of William Randolph Hearst, to the effect that Postmaster Wilcox had permitted "scurrilous and incendiary circulars" to be sent through the mails without Mr. Ihmsen's specific orders from Washington.

Mr. Ihmsen called attention to the fact that the circulars sent out by McCallan's supporters last year were held up and burned because they were objectionable, while those referred to him of this year went through unchallenged.

In answer to this the post-office authorities cite the matter of last year's campaign as being printed upon postal cards, while this year's circulars were inclosed in envelopes, which brings them under an entirely different ruling.

LOVING CUP FOR HEARST?

George Ade in Jest Asks Bitter Enemies to Subscribe.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—"We, the undersigned, subscribe the amounts opposite our names for the purchase of a loving cup for William R. Hearst."

A water-holding of this paper to Chairman Boeschenstein, of the Illinois Democratic Committee, and Congressman John Sharpe Williams, as they sat at dinner at the Sherman House. It was written on the back of a menu card.

"What does this mean?" asked Chairman Boeschenstein, who likes Mr. Hearst as well as Mr. Williams. "It means that Mr. Williams is considerably less than zero."

"Do gentlemen over at the table want you to sign," explained the waiter.

"Well, we won't sign just yet," said Mr. Boeschenstein, grinning. "Then he waited for the waiter to lower his newspaper. Finally he did. It was George Ade."

UPHOLD AN IMPROBATION.

Senator Dryden Asks Jerseyans to Ignore Independent Ticket.

New York, Nov. 5.—United States Senator John F. Dryden made a last appeal to the voters of Essex County, N. J., today to vote for the legislative candidates of the Republican party in order that the men favorable to his re-election to the Senate be returned to Trenton.

Mr. Dryden made this appeal a personal one, although it was written on the stationery of the Senate committee on enrolled bills, of which he is chairman. The signature at the foot of the appeal was in the Senator's own handwriting. The appeal says in part:

"Regardless of any local difference of opinion the voter should not be allowed to overlook the one important fact that the endorsement of President Roosevelt and the preservation of the tariff are involved in the election of Republican Senators and Representatives."

A vote for the Independent ticket means a vote for the Democratic ticket and a vote against President Roosevelt and his policy."

Herald Want Ads.

will be received at McNulty's newsstand, 15th and P sts. n.w., and promptly forwarded to the main office.

EDMONSTON'S

—Home of the Original "FOOT-FORM" Boots and Oxfords—for Men, Women, and Children.



MEN'S "FOOT-FORM" BOOTS PRICED FROM \$5 TO \$7.



---A Shoe for Every Occasion.
---A Last for Every Foot.
---A Fit for Any Foot.

Footwear for men should be as comfortable as it is stylish and durable. The superior comfort-giving qualities of "FOOT-FORM" Boots, coupled with their graceful, stylish appearance and gratifying durability, make them most acceptable to men who are most discriminating in their choice of footwear.

"FOOT-FORM" Boots are built on lasts that accommodate men's feet perfectly. They are shown in all styles for day and dress wear, and each style comes in all good leathers. Complete lines of sizes and widths and the services of expert shoe fitters assure a perfect and comfortable fit for any foot.

"FOOT-FORM" Boots for Men Are Priced from \$5 to \$7.



Instep-Brace "FOOT-FORM" Boots Support Weak Ankles and Correct Flat Feet.

There are thousands of men who will appreciate this innovation in modern footwear construction. A scientifically devised brace is built in "FOOT-FORM" Boots for men. It affords absolute support for weak ankles, and is EMINENTLY SUCCESSFUL IN CORRECTING flat feet.

Instep-Brace "FOOT-FORMS" are the proper boots to wear if your ankles tend to turn at the slightest misstep. Shown in all good leathers and in all sizes and all widths—a fit for any foot. \$7



EDMONSTON'S, 1334 F St. 'Phone M. 1911

LAST DAY A BUSY ONE IN NEW YORK

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

to 4 to 1, and some big bets have even been laid at 5 to 1 against Hearst. At one period of the campaign, when some pretty blue reports began to come from the up-State districts, to Republican headquarters, the betting fell off from 3 to 1 to 2, but the odds quickly lengthened again.

The odds are still four to one to-day, with even money that Hughes would carry the state by at least 10,000 plurality.

Congressman Harry M. Loudenslager, of New Jersey, secretary of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, said today that reports from all over the country had not caused the committee to make any changes in the forecast of a majority of fifty-eight in the next House of Representatives made last Thursday. He said he was absolutely confident of that result, and would not be surprised to see a larger majority returned.

Congressman Sherman, the chairman of the State committee, has gone to his home in Utica to vote, but it was said at the committee headquarters that he would be back to-morrow afternoon. The committee has made elaborate preparations to receive the returns to-morrow night from all over the country.

Hearst Makes Five Speeches.

William R. Hearst wound up his campaign at midnight to-night by appearing at the ball of the Ironclad Association at Labor Lyceum, in Brooklyn, and sinking with Nellie Bay (Mrs. E. C. Scanlan), the patroness of the association.

Mr. Hearst made five speeches to-night, including a short talk at the hall in Brooklyn. He started out of the lower East Side, swung around in a circle, and then crossed the bridge. The wind-up of the campaign was spectacular enough and noisy enough to please the most ardent of the Hearst supporters.

Mr. Hearst had not intended to address meetings to-night, but there was a call for him from East Side audiences that had waited and were disappointed Saturday night, so he consented to make another farewell appearance. He got to the Lenox assembly rooms a little before 9 o'clock. As his automobile turned off the Bowery and shot through the narrow streets of the quarter an immense crowd gathered.

Hearst told them that he would be elected by at least 20,000, which would represent his plurality in Greater New York, and that he would come down to the Bronx even with Mr. Hughes. Then he told what he would do if elected governor, declaring that he would begin the minute he was elected to carry out reforms he had long advocated.

Many Cheer for Hughes.

Mr. Hughes' friends and neighbors of the upper West Side gathered in Duane's Riding Academy, on West Sixty-sixth street, to-night, to give the candidate a welcome home and cheer for his success to-day.

There were more than 4,000 persons in the riding academy. Speeches were made by Lieut. Gov. Linn Bruce, Judge Charles F. Moore, who was introduced as a Democrat from Virginia; Walter N. Chandler, Attorney General Julius M. Mayer, and Mr. Hughes.

In the middle of Chandler's speech, a section of the temporary platform erected at the west side of the building for the accommodation of benches sank about two feet, for the level of the tank beneath. There was a subdued scream, and several people started to leave the building in a hurry, but Chairman Hitchens and Chandler, who was speaking, cried out to the people to sit down, and the panic was of short duration. Nobody was hurt in the sinking of the floor, and aside from some torn gresses there was no damage done.

The hearing of Ludwig Hess, accused of registering illegally, from the Eighteenth assembly district, for the election on Tuesday, was continued in the Centre Street Police Court today until November

12, because the stress of business in the attorney general's office made it impossible for the prosecution to present its case. Hess, it is charged, served a term in the Essex County (N. J.) Penitentiary for manslaughter, which would disfranchise him in New York. He registered, nevertheless, on October 5.

Hess stated that he had no idea his name was on another State incapacitated list; from voting here, and declared he had no intention of violating the law in registering. He said he will probably plead guilty to the charge and throw himself on the mercy of the court.

NO HEARST MONEY IN SIGHT.

Hoffman House the Scene of Lively Betting Last Night.

New York, Nov. 5.—It seemed something like old times at the Hoffman House to-night, and the betting market took a decided boost. There was a large gathering of men, and many of them had large rolls of bills and were ready to lay almost any odds that Hughes would be the next governor.

Hughes money was seen everywhere, and when any Hearst money was shown it was grabbed with an eagerness that seemed to indicate that the betting men think the election is all over but the shouting. Toward midnight 4 to 1 could be had anywhere and in some instances 5 to 2 was laid.

Some of the commissioners were so anxious to get the Hearst money that they shouted, "I'll bet Hughes for \$30,000; write your own price."

Charles Mahoney, who makes his headquarters at the Hoffman House, has been carrying since Saturday \$8,000 to bet 3 to 1. He could not get a nibble at that price, and to-night the price was raised to 7 to 3, and then 4 to 1, and at these odds the money was placed. This money was bet for George Wilson, who, it is said, has bet \$40,000 at odds varying from 2 to 1 to 4 to 1 on Hughes.

Mahoney placed several fair-sized bets at 4 to 1. He bet even money Hughes "durably would be 90,000, even money that Hughes would have 50,000 in Kings County, and 1 to 2 that Hughes carries the greater city. The scene was almost like the betting ring of a race track.

COL. STEALEY'S FORECAST.

Outlook Not Altogether Gloomy for the Democratic Party.

O. O. Stealey, in Louisville Courier-Journal.

Whatever the Democrats get in the elections to-morrow in the way of Congressmen or State officers, they will be thankful on the principle of "small favors thickly received; large ones in proportion." As a matter of fact, few of them expect anything substantial, but in elections, as other things which occur in life, it is often the unexpected which happens. In the last ten years the old Democratic party has been so brutally beaten, and so terribly worsted in its political bouts, that its members have long since lost hope of ever winning in a political contest. It has been so torn and disrupted by dissension in its own ranks, and by the discipline and enormous campaign funds of the opposition—the Republican party—that since 1904 it has been not only discouraged, but disheartened, and few if any will take any stock in the prophecies of a victory at the polls until the actual returns are before them. Yet on the eve of the elections to-morrow the political conditions do not look so gloomy for the Democrats, and there are several reasons why this should be the case. Chief among these is the fact that the Republican managers of to-morrow's elections will not have nearly so much money as usual to pay to voters, and to the party henchmen, who in times past have managed this purchasable vote. It is an acknowledged fact that in many of the States of the Union, citizens of conceded respectability could not be induced to turn out and vote, devoting their services on election day to a political party, without being paid to do it. This pay has amounted to

from \$5 to \$30, and to compensate these men for their "patriotism" large sums have been required from campaign committees. If one is to believe the signs of the times, as daily chronicled in the press, there will be little of this commercialism in politics practiced to-morrow. Public and confidential stories are to the effect that as large campaign contributions from corporations have been made illegal, the campaign committees have only sufficient means on hand to pay the legitimate election expenses. Just what "legitimate" election expenses means it is difficult to say, but it can hardly mean the purchasing of votes or the purchasing of men to control corrupt voters. If this should prove to be the case at the polls to-morrow, the Democrats will be largely the gainers, for no one will dispute that the party in power since 1892, so far as money is concerned, has had everything it wished, while the Democrats have had nothing. Under these circumstances it is a fair presumption that the election of Hughes since they lost in 1904 and stand before the country as numerically strong as they did after the election of four years ago. At that time they lost the House by only a narrow margin, and they are expected badly to-morrow. There are precedents, though I hardly expect one to-morrow, where a political majority in the House as large as the present one, has been swept away by an election. In the Fifty-first Congress Speaker Reed had sixteen majority. Now, mark, that in the very next Congress, Speaker Crisp and the Democrats had 145 majority, or the largest political majority of the House since the war, so it will be observed that the people can sometimes do things, and do them handsomely.

So far as the general elections to-morrow are concerned, the Democrats will not gain less than 25 per cent. Their gain may reach 50 per cent. The latter is the better estimate.

So far as the election in New York is concerned, which excites more interest than any other State, it is quite impossible to venture an intelligent opinion. However, it is clearly not a party fight, for Mr. Hearst will get more Republican votes than the election of Hearst means the ruin of the State Democratic organization. Whatever may be the result in New York, it cannot be ascribed a party victory.

On the other hand, there are many good Democrats in New York who will vote for Hughes in the firm belief that the election of Hearst means the ruin of the State Democratic organization. Whatever may be the result in New York, it cannot be ascribed a party victory.

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